

UNCRPD European Disability Strategy 2010-2020

"Disability and Inclusion" Unit DG EMPL European Commission

These slides accompany the explanation of the acquis to Albania and North Macedonia and can only be used for that purpose. Their content is subject to further development of the acquis and interpretation by the Court of Justice of the European Union





The EU and the UNCRPD

30 March 2007: the European Community signs the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (UNCRPD)

Conclusion and Optional Protocol 2008 proposal????

26 November 2009: Council Decision on the conclusion (ratification) of the UNCRPD by the EU

Adoption of the European Disability Strategy 2010-2020

22 January 2011: entry into force of the UNCRPD for the EU

August 2015: Dialogue with UN Committee on the implementation of the UNCRPD by the EU

September 2015: UNCRPD recommendations to the EU (Concluding Observations)

February 2017: Publication of progress report on the implementation of the European Disability Strategy 2010-2020 – includes an overview of the UNCRPD recommendations' implementation



Human Rights approach to disability

=> Paradigm shift

"objects" of charity,

medical treatment and social protection

"subjects" with rights, capable of claiming those rights and making decisions for their lives based on their free and informed consent as well as being active members of society





Concept of disability

The UN Convention recognises that **<u>disability</u>** is an **<u>evolving concept</u>**

"Persons with disabilities include those who have long-term physical, mental, intellectual or sensory impairments which in interaction with various barriers may hinder their full and effective participation in society on an equal basis with others" (Article 1 UN CRPD)





EU competence with regard to the UNCRPD

- The rights recognised cover almost all policy fields: accessibility, employment, education, health, independent living, participation in culture and sport, civil rights
- Mixed competences between EU and MS
 - some articles concern only Member States
 - most UNCRPD fields concern matters of shared competence
- Annex to the Council Decision Declaration of competence which can be updated as competences evolve







Participation in (open) labour market

from the Noun Project

Employment rate

- 47,9% people with disabilities
- 71,5% people without disabilities
 - Representative of the situation in a majority of MS: **employment gap**

Unemployment rate

- 18,1% people with disabilities
- 11,2% people without disabilities
 - At all stages of the life cycle

Activity rate (employed or unemployed)

- 58,5% people with disabilities
- 80,5% people without disabilities





Risk of poverty & social exclusion

People living in household with very low work intensity

- 24% people with disabilities
- 8% people without disabilities

People at risk of poverty after social transfers

- 19% people with disabilities
- 15% people without disabilities

Severely materially deprived household

- 13% people with disabilities
- 8% people without disabilities

People at risk of poverty or social exclusion

- 30,4% people with disabilities
- 21,9% people without disabilities



European Disability Strategy 2010-2020

- Launched by the Commission on 15 November 2010
- Its major objectives:
 - empower people with disabilities to enjoy their full rights
 - implement the UN Convention
 - create a barrier-free Europe

- It reflects all core elements of the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, setting a concrete agenda for action of the EU and its Member States in 8 key areas:

accessibility, participation, equality, employment, education and training, social protection, health, external action

- Mid-term Progress Report on its implementation was adopted by the Commission on February 2017



Mix of tools

- Legislation
- **Mainstreaming:** ensure that all relevant EU initiatives promote equal opportunities for people with disabilities
- Cooperation with Member States (Disability High-Level Group), civil society & DPOs, international bodies (UN, CoE), EU institutions
- **Funding:** to DPOs, Research, Structural and Investment Funds
- Awareness-raising: Access City Award, For Diversity Against Discrimination campaign
- Information exchange: annual Work Forum, European Day conference
- **Reporting:** Progress report on Disability Strategy and the EU report on implementation of UNCRDP
- Studies
- **Data collection and monitoring:** Eurostat, ANED indicators on Europe 2020 targets, DOTCOM
- **Governance:** UNCRPD Focal point





Reporting to the UN: art 35 CRPD

Each State Party shall submit to the Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities a report:

- o on **measures taken** to give effect to its obligations under the Convention and on the **progress made**
- two years after the entry into force of the Convention for that state party

Article 44 CRPD

- o Convention open to 'regional integration organizations' for signature and ratification
- o Provisions of the Convention will apply to such organizations as States Parties within the limits of their competence



Concluding Observations of the UN Committee on the initial report of the EU

- UN Committee examines reports submitted by State Parties, and makes concluding observations and suggestions for the follow-up

- Out of all recommendations for the EU, 3 were singled out for action within the first 12 months. These are:

- to adopt the European Accessibility Act
- to update the EU declaration of competence in the matters governed by the UN Convention
- to remove the Commission from the EU monitoring framework

They require another report to be submitted to the UN Committee in October 2016, a year after the recommendations were issued. This follow-up response is currently being finalized by the Commission.

- Another periodic report on the implementation of the UN Convention by the EU shall be submitted no later than in 2021.



Mid-term Progress Report on the European Disability Strategy

- It aims at describing:

- the progress achieved so far by the EU in the implementation of the European Disability Strategy
- its links to the Recommendations made by the UN Committee in relation to the implementation of the UN Convention in the EU



EDS report annexes

- It features a number of detailed annexes referring to:
 - Annex 1 Analysis of the responses to the public consultation on the review of the European Disability Strategy
 - Annex 2 Progress in the implementation of the European Disability Strategy
 - Annex 3 Link between the recommendations of the UN Committee and key actions in the European Disability Strategy
 - **Annex 4** Other contributions to the Progress Report
 - Annex 5 EU legislative acts which refer to matters governed by the UN Convention



Highlights of the Staff Working Documents

Main highlights of the recent Staff Working Document 2017:

- Despite emerging challenges, the objectives of the European Disability Strategy remains fully relevant for the next 5 years
- It commends major progress achieved in the area of accessibility and successful efforts on external action
- Commission is committed to continue its action using the competences and instruments at its disposal in order to better address needs of persons with disabilities, especially in the fields of employment, education and inclusion



Examples of results

1-accessibility: Adoption EAA, WAD transport legislation

2-participation: disability card, ExAnte conditionalities ESIF, Marrakesh

3-equality: guidance for victims of discrimination, Disability definition-UNCRPD

4-employment: State Aid, ESIF, Supported employment report **5-education and training:** Erasmus+, EASNIE, data collection (gaps)

6-social protection: Pillar of Social Rights, SPC ISG, OMC

7-health: cross border healthcare, rare disease guidance social services, telemedicine

8- external action: HR action plan, projects, indicators, training, Disaster risk reduction



Next steps to be taken by the EU

The EU will continue working in order to:

- Finalize the implementation of the European Disability Strategy as committed in 2010
- Use the European Disability Strategy to further implement the UN Committee's recommendations
- Start reflexions on what will happen after the period of application of the European Disability Strategy will come to an end in 2020 and thus, strengthen dialogue with Member States, civil society and other stakeholders who put forward their ideas for the future
- Prepare another EU periodic report to the UN Committee, required in 2021
- Continue to mainstream disability in key policy developments and future EU actions
- EP report



European Accessibility Act

Demand side	Supply side
Public authorities	Private sector (mainly)
Purchases via public procurement & public funding (ESIF, TEN-T)	Certain products and services
	Free circulation of products and services
Functional Accessibility Requirements	
Use of standards	Standards presumption of conformity
Disproportionate Burden	Disproportionate Burden and Fundamental Alteration
Market surveillance	Self-declaration of compliance Market surveillance
Committee	
Public Procurement Directives and other legal Acts Action under National Courts	Action under National Courts
Public Procurement Directives and other legal Acts	Member States
	Public authorities Purchases via public procurement & public funding (ESIF, TEN-T) Functional Accessian Use of standards Disproportionate Burden Market surveillance Common Public Procurement Directives and other legal Acts Action under National Courts Public Procurement Directives and



Data collection and monitoring

On-line tool with instruments to implement UNCRPD

Data collection

- Network of experts ANED
- Studies
- Statistics and data collection LFS-AHM 2011; EHSIS

Indicators \rightarrow targets



Background: the online tool

- 1. Defined in Annex 2 of the Commission Staff Working Paper accompanying the Strategy SEC(2010)1323
- 2. For each country, key instruments to achieve the effective implementation of the UN Convention: a <u>table, displaying</u> <u>policies, practical measures and legal acts</u>
- 3. With web link to reference document or relevant information
- **4. Via our main website:** http://ec.europa.eu/justice/discrimination/disabilities/index_en.htm







Work with civil society and DPOs

"Nothing about us without us"

- Consultation
- Information exchange
- Joint-organisation of events
- Co-financing of running costs and projects



European Pillar of Social Rights Building a more inclusive and fairer European Union

- Sets out a number of **key principles and rights** to support fair and well-functioning labour markets and welfare systems;
- will serve as a compass for a **renewed process of convergence** towards better working and living conditions among participating Member States;

• is **primarily conceived for the euro area**, but is applicable to all Member States wishing to participate.





The relevant principles of the Pillar

• Principle 9: Work-Life balance

"Parents and people with caring responsibilities have the right to suitable leave, flexible working arrangements and access to care services. Women and men shall have equal access to special leaves of absence in order to fulfil their caring responsibilities and be encouraged to use them in a balanced way.

• Principle 17: Inclusion of people with disabilities

"People with disabilities have the right to income support that ensures living in dignity, services that enable them to participate in the labour market and in society, and a work environment adapted to their needs."

• Principle 18: Long-term care

"Everyone has the right to affordable long-term care services of good quality, in particular home-care and community-based services."

